

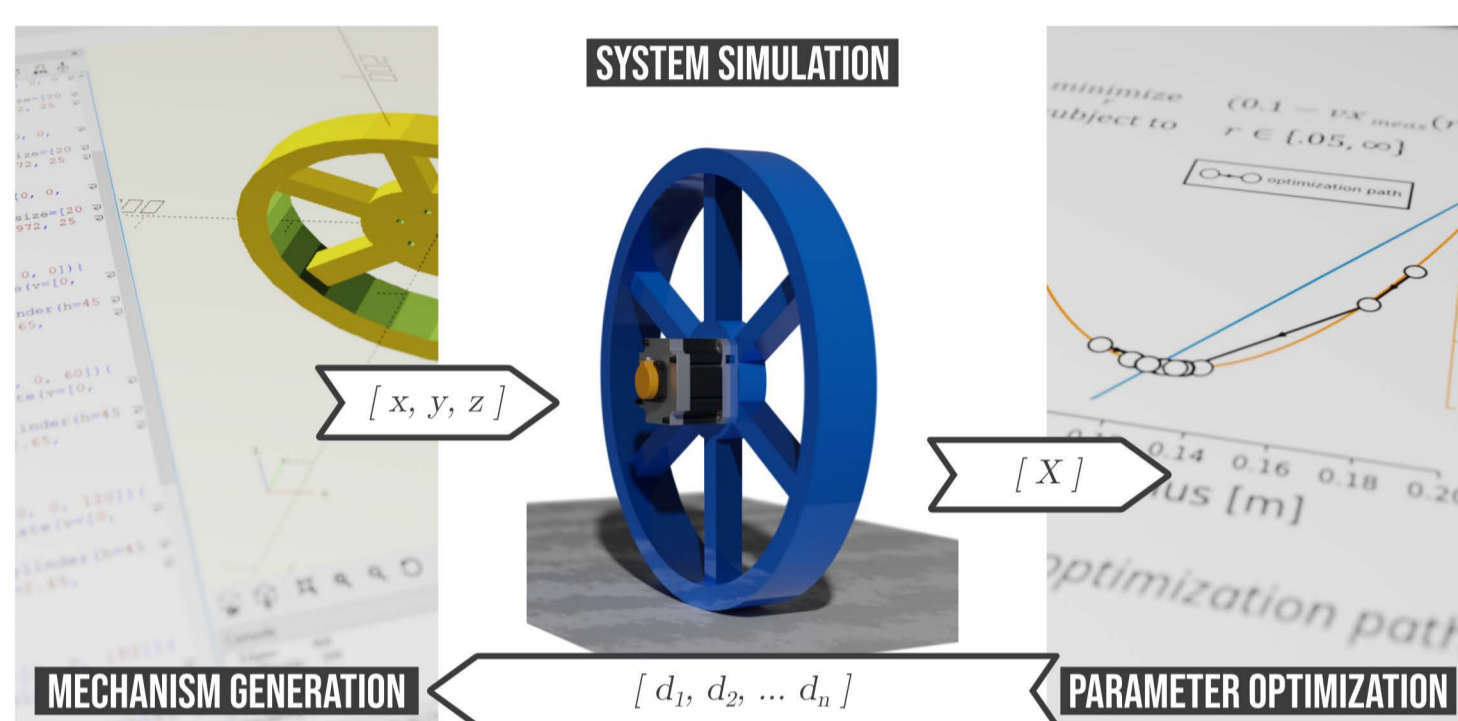
AN OPTIMIZATION-BASED TOOLCHAIN FOR PARAMETRIC MECHANISM DESIGN

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INTRODUCTION

- **Design-build-test approaches** for spaceflight hardware are resource intensive and can produce suboptimal designs.
- **Virtual design approaches** that couple machine learning with high-fidelity simulation could reduce the need for iterative prototyping, accelerate the engineering design cycle, and reduce cost.
- This work presents a modular NASA-developed **toolchain to optimize hardware mechanisms** virtually using numerical optimization and multi-body physics simulation.

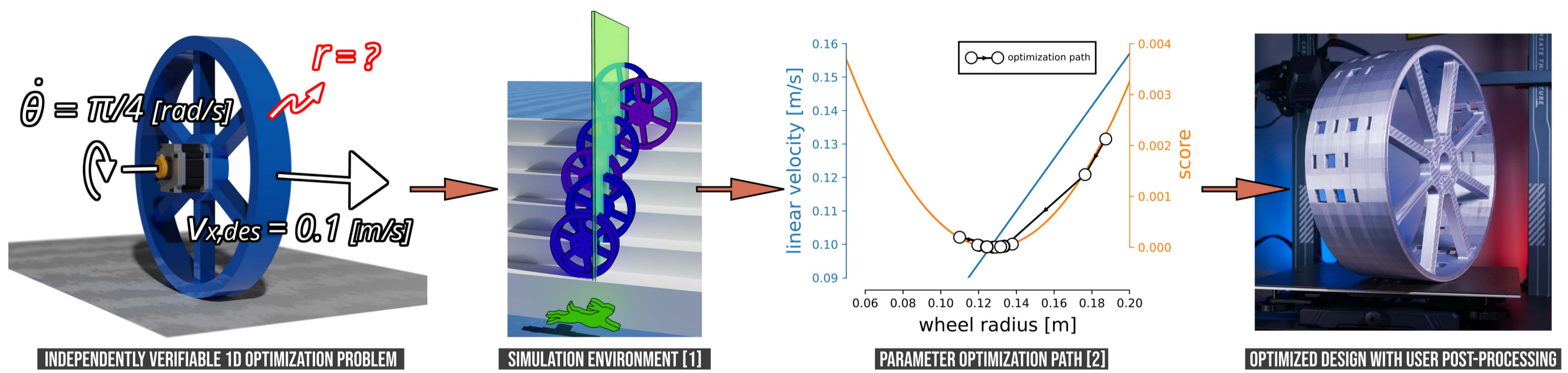
TOOLCHAIN OVERVIEW



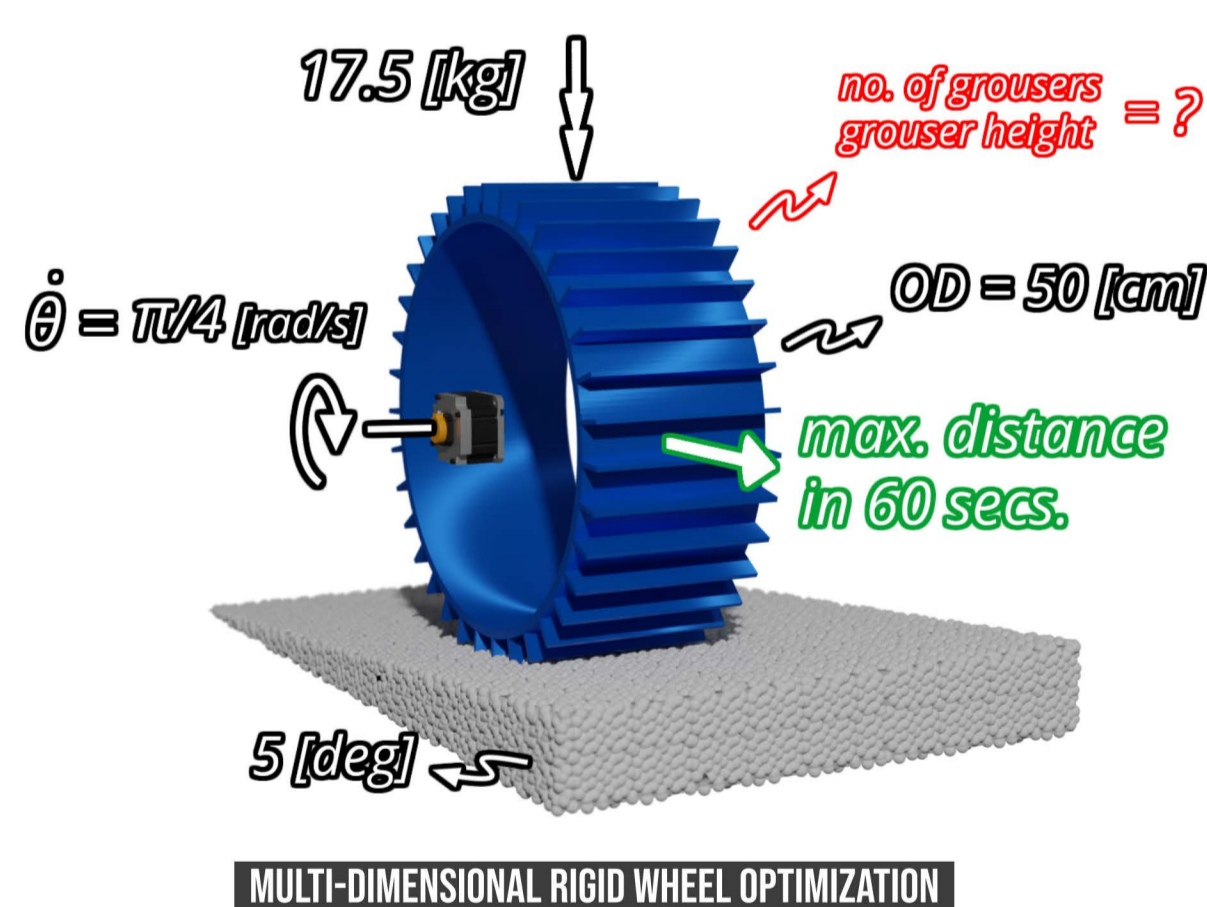
The toolchain:

- Enables **multi-objective optimization**.
- Generates **parametric CAD files** that can be further post-processed by an end user.
- Is **expandable** to optimize full systems and non-mechanical parameters such as control variables.

TOOLCHAIN VALIDATION

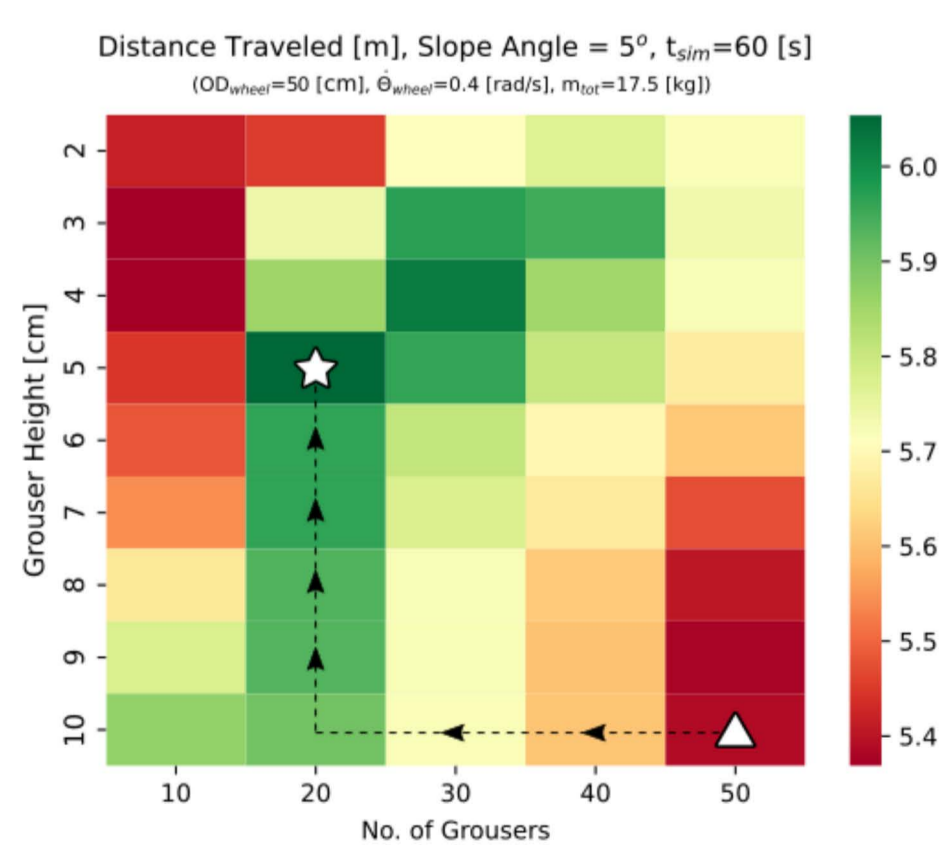


RIGID WHEEL OPTIMIZATION

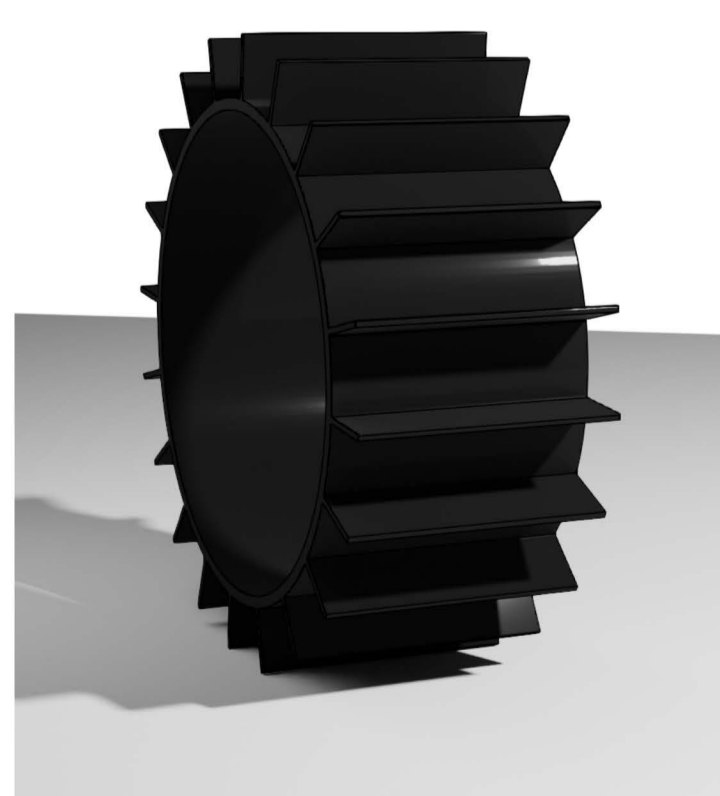


MULTI-DIMENSIONAL RIGID WHEEL OPTIMIZATION

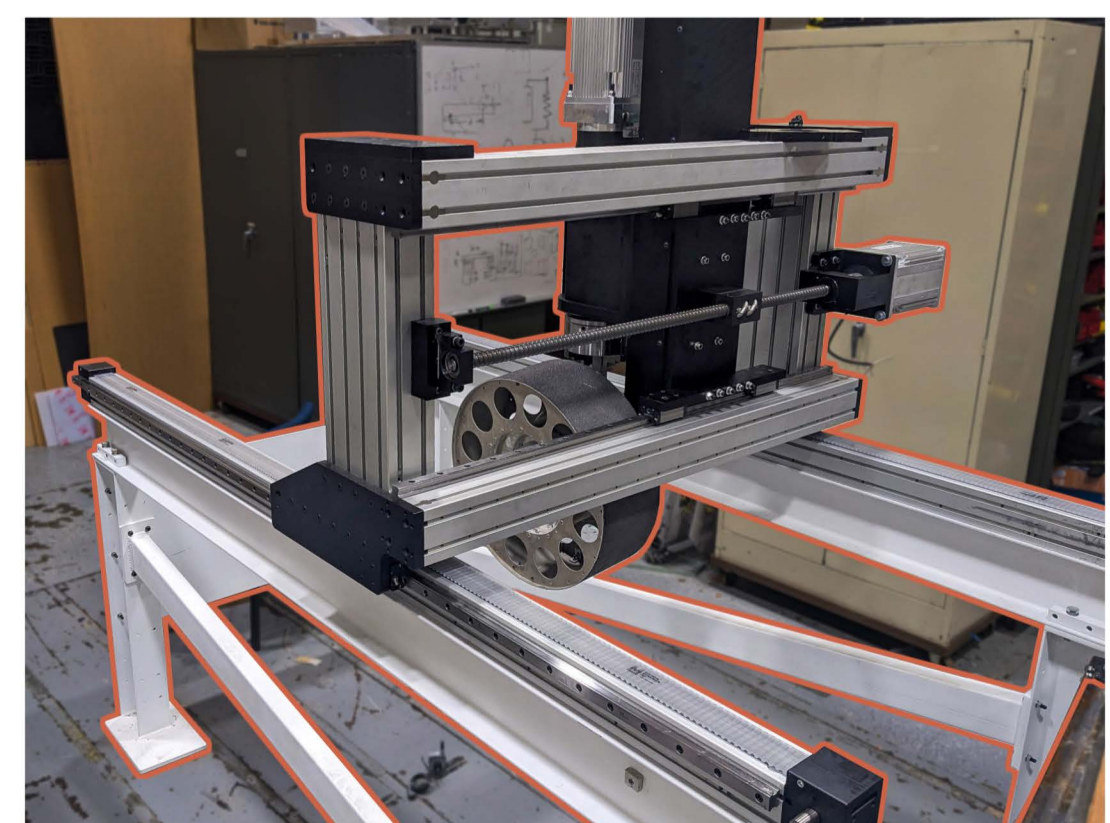
- The toolchain was used to **optimize the geometry of a rigid wheel** traversing a 5 degree incline of GRC-1 simulant.
- **Grouser number and height** were optimized to achieve maximum travel distance over 60 seconds of simulation time.
- The toolchain finds **the optimum parameter combination** within the search space using a discrete optimizer.
- A **wheel prototype is being manufactured** to validate the wheel's performance on a new NASA-developed testbed.



DESIGN SPACE PARAMETER SWEEP AND OPTIMIZATION RESULTS



OPTIMIZED WHEEL DESIGN



GLENN RESEARCH CENTER'S ROBOTIC MECHANISM TESTBED

REF

- A. Tasora et al. Chrono: An open source multi-physics dynamics engine. *High Performance Computing in Science and Engineering - Lecture Notes in Computer Science*, Springer, 2016.
- N. Hansen and A. Ostermeier. Completely derandomized self-adaptation in evolution strategies. *Evolutionary Computation* 9(2).

